

## Chapter 16 Geography Study Guide

### Multiple Choice

Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. In Bhutan most of the people are \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. subsistence farmers
  - b. fishers
  - c. Sherpas
  - d. city dwellers
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. The main economic activity in the Maldives is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. tourism
  - b. fishing
  - c. farming
  - d. mining
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Most of the people in the countries of South Asia live in \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. inland cities
  - b. villages in rural areas
  - c. cities and towns
  - d. seaport cities
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. In 1971 after a civil war, Bangladesh gained its independence from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. India
  - b. the United Kingdom
  - c. Nepal
  - d. Pakistan
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Monsoons in India and Bangladesh often cause many deaths from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. earthquakes
  - b. faults
  - c. floods
  - d. tidal waves
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The capital and the largest city of the Maldives is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Male
  - b. Colombo
  - c. Mumbai
  - d. New Delhi
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Sri Lanka is famous \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. because it was the birthplace of Buddha
  - b. for its sapphires, rubies, and other gemstones
  - c. for its mountain guides known as Sherpas
  - d. because Mother Teresa helped the poor here
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The first civilization in India built well-planned cities \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. in the A.D. 700s
  - b. in the 1500s
  - c. about 4,000 years ago
  - d. during the Mogul Empire
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The Himalaya and the Karakoram Range separate South Asia from the rest of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. the South Asian subcontinent
  - b. India
  - c. Asia
  - d. the Eastern Hemisphere
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. India is the world's second-largest producer of what crop?
  - a. rice
  - b. tea
  - c. cotton
  - d. wheat
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. The major river in Pakistan's plains is the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Ganges River
  - b. Indus River
  - c. Brahmaputra River
  - d. Godavan River
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. Pakistan and Bangladesh are largely known as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Muslim countries
  - b. Hindu countries
  - c. Buddhist countries
  - d. Catholic countries
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. An important industry in Bangladesh is the manufacture of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. clothing
  - b. ships
  - c. dried apricots
  - d. refined sugar
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. What country of South Asia was once called the Hidden Holy Land?

- a. Bhutan
- b. Bangladesh
- c. Nepal
- d. Sri Lanka


15. The island nation of the Maldives is made up of \_\_\_\_.

- a. about 1,200 coral islands
- b. about 200 lagoons
- c. Mali and a larger island
- d. Sri Lanka and Colombo


16. Although Hindi is the official language of India, people in business and government use \_\_\_\_.

- a. Chinese
- b. Punjabi
- c. Urdu
- d. English



17.  The capital of Bhutan is \_\_\_\_.

- a. Faisalabad
- b. Delhi
- c. Dhaka
- d. Thimphu

18.  The island nation located near the southeastern tip of India is \_\_\_\_.

- a. the Maldives
- b. Pakistan
- c. Bangladesh
- d. Sri Lanka

“Guluband [a camel] lifts his head and we survey the gray desert, risking and falling like the Arabian Sea beyond the dunes, with misty mounds of *pogh* [a thorny desert plant] and thorn trees floating for hundreds of miles around. I squint and look at the dunes on the horizon, which is inside India. Sometimes our animals wander across the border, and when I go to fetch them I look hard to see how it differs from our Pakistan. But the same dunes roll on into India, and I can’t tell for certain exactly where Pakistan ends and India begins.”

from *Shabanu, Daughter of the Wind*



19. When Shabanu looks across the border, she is looking into \_\_\_\_.

- a. Pakistan
- b. Sri Lanka
- c. India
- d. the Maldives



20. Shabanu likens the desert to \_\_\_\_.

- a. the Arabian Sea
- b. a *pogh*
- c. another country
- d. a cloud

“With my mother’s permission and blessings, I [Mohandas Gandhi] set off [excitedly] for Bombay, leaving my wife with a baby of a few months. But on arrival there friends told my brother that the Indian Ocean was rough in June and July, and as this was my first voyage, I should not be allowed to sail until November. Someone also reported that a steamer [ship] had just been sunk in a gale. This made my brother uneasy, and he refused to take the risk of allowing me to sail immediately. . . .”

from *The Story of My Experiments with Truth—An Autobiography*



21. Who gave Gandhi permission and blessings to go to Bombay?

- a. his wife
- b. his brother
- c. his child
- d. his mother



22. The body of water that Gandhi needed to cross was the \_\_\_\_.

- a. Indian Ocean
- b. Arabian Sea
- c. Pacific Ocean
- d. Bay of Bengal


“Development of Nepal has brought many benefits to her people. Over 30 years ago, only 2 percent of the people had access to safe water; today, nearly half do. A Nepali child born 30 years ago could expect to live only about 40 years; today, the child can expect to live about 60 years. More than two-thirds of children under five were malnourished 30 years ago; today, more than half of them are well nourished for learning. Only 5 out of 100 girls attended primary school 30 years ago; 90 out of 100 girls do today.”

Mieko Nishimizu, Vice President, South Asia Region, The World Bank



23. Today, how many girls attend primary school in Nepal?

- a. two-thirds
- b. 90 out of 100
- c. 5 out of 100
- d. 40

- \_\_\_\_\_ 24.  Thirty years ago, the life expectancy of a Nepali child was \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. about 60 years
  - b. about 20 years
  - c. about 75 years
  - d. about 40 years

## Chapter 16 Geography Study Guide

### Answer Section

#### MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 485	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
2. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 488	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
3. ANS: B	DIF: Average	REF: 476	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
4. ANS: D	DIF: Average	REF: 478	
5. ANS: C	DIF: Average	REF: 480	STO: GEOG7.G3
6. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 488	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
7. ANS: B	DIF: Average	REF: 486	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
8. ANS: C	DIF: Challenging	REF: 474	
9. ANS: C	DIF: Easy	REF: 472	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
10. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 473	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
11. ANS: B	DIF: Average	REF: 479	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
12. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 478	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
13. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 481	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
14. ANS: A	DIF: Challenging	REF: 485	STO: GEOG7.GPS4b, GEOG7.EGPS5
15. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 488	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
16. ANS: D	DIF: Average	REF: 476	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
17. ANS: D	DIF: Average	REF: 476	STO: GEOG7.G2b, GEOG7.EGPS5
MSC: Document Based Question			
18. ANS: D	DIF: Easy	REF: 478	STO: GEOG7.G2b, GEOG7.EGPS5
MSC: Document Based Question			
19. ANS: C	DIF: Easy	REF: 486	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
MSC: Document Based Question			
20. ANS: A	DIF: Easy	REF: 491	STO: GEOG7.EGPS5
MSC: Document Based Question			
21. ANS: D	DIF: Average	REF: 478	MSC: Document Based Question
22. ANS: A	DIF: Average	REF: 478	MSC: Document Based Question
23. ANS: B	DIF: Easy	REF: 475	MSC: Document Based Question
24. ANS: D	DIF: Average	REF: 476	MSC: Document Based Question